FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AND
OTHER FINANCIAL INFORMATION

September 30, 2013

CONTENTS

	Page
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	1 - 3
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	4 - 10
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Statements of Net Position	12 13
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Net Position - Budget and Actual Reconciliation of Budgetary Basis to GAAP	23 24
OMB CIRCULAR A-133, SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL REPORT	
OMB Circular A-133, Supplementary Financial Report – Table of Contents	25

SIMMONS AND CLUBB

CPAs

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL COMPANY
Member American Institute of
Certified Public Accountants

Roger Clubb Brad Hodges Mary Kay Peterson

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board Friedman Memorial Airport Authority Hailey, Idaho

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Friedman Memorial Airport Authority (Authority), as of and for the years ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, and the related notes to the financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evident we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Authority as of September 30, 2013 and 2012, and the changes in financial position and cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matters

Changes in Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1, effective October 1, 2012, the Airport adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements, GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position and GASB Statement No 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis identified in the accompanying table of contents be presented to supplement the financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the financial statements, is required by the GASB who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audits of the financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the Authority's financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. The schedule of revenue, expenditures and changes in net position – budget and actual and reconciliation of budgetary basis to GAAP are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 10, 2014, on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance

and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Simmons and Clubb Certified Public Accountants

Grad Hoolges

Boise, Idaho January 10, 2014

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) of the Friedman Memorial Airport Authority's (the Authority) financial performance provides an introduction to the financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2013. The information contained in the MD&A should be considered in conjunction with information contained in the Authority's financial statements.

Friedman Memorial Airport is located in the City of Hailey, within Blaine County. Blaine County is located in central Idaho, in an area known as the Wood River Valley. The Big Wood River runs from north to south between the Smoky, Pioneer and Boulder Mountains. Friedman Memorial Airport is located immediately south of the central business district of Hailey and approximately two miles north of the City of Bellevue. State Highway 75 runs directly adjacent to the east side of the Airport, southeast to northwest through the cities of Bellevue and Hailey, with Ketchum/Sun Valley 11 miles to the north and Twin Falls 75 miles to the south.

For the last six years, the Authority has been working in partnership with the FAA (Federal Aviation Administration) to improve air service reliability and comply with FAA design standards for commercial air service into the Wood River Valley by siting and constructing a replacement airport. In August 2011, the Authority encountered a significant impediment to this effort. The FAA, after what was described as "thoughtful deliberation and analysis", indefinitely suspended any further work on the draft environmental impact statement (DEIS). That decision resulted from new data arising from the study, suggesting significant, higher-than-anticipated project costs and problematic impacts to wildlife. The purpose of this suspension was to gather community input and technical information in order for the Authority to make the best informed decisions about a future replacement airport and allow for investigation, with cooperation from air carriers and the FAA, into any possible shorter term solutions meeting as many FAA design standards as possible and for increased reliability at the existing airport while a permanent solution is explored.

Accordingly, the Authority initiated a public process of discussions with the community to determine the community's preference moving forward. That determination was what came to be known as a "Dual Path Forward", which represented the community's desire to identify any possible short-term mitigation available at the existing site, while continuing the endeavor of identifying a mechanism for the ultimate goal of a replacement airport at another site. At the FAA's direction, the Authority conducted an Airport Alternatives Technical Analysis to identify all conceivable configurations and options that could be implemented at the existing airport site.

Early in fiscal year 2013, the Authority and the FAA agreed to the Authority's proposed dual path approach using Alternative 6 as the preferred alternative from the Alternatives Technical Analysis to meet congressional mandated safety standards required by December 2015. The FAA also, after completion of a Safety Risk Management process, granted five of six submitted Modification to Standards (MOS) to accommodate an achievable solution at the existing site. These modifications consider and limit the size of aircraft to those that currently utilize Friedman rather than making alterations that would fully achieve a C-III compliant airport.

At the conclusion of fiscal year 2013, the Authority kicked off the first series of Runway Safety Area (RSA) Implementation projects (Alternative 6). The RSA projects are expected to continue into fiscal year 2014-2015. The next step for the Authority will be to conduct a Master Planning process. The Authority has determined that an appropriate component of the Master Plan will be a site selection chapter. The

Authority would like that chapter to capture the Authority's scientific developed site study as well as the FAA's EIS Purpose and Need/Alternatives Working Paper.

Fiscal year 2013 included the announcement of additional Horizon flights into SUN, new SFO/SUN nonstop regional jet service beginning December 12, 2013 and Delta regional jet service beginning January 6, 2014.

In partnership with other community organizations, a DOT small community air service grant has been awarded for the purpose of identifying, securing and marketing improved east coast air service connectivity.

The entire Wood River community was adversely affected by the Beaver Creek Fire in August. The revenue potential and operations at the Airport were significantly reduced as a result and the effects are reflected in the financials.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The Authority's financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The Authority is structured as a single enterprise fund with revenues recognized when earned, not when received. Expenses are recognized when incurred, not when paid. See the notes to the financial statements for a summary of the Authority's significant accounting policies.

Following this MD&A are the basic financial statements of the Authority, together with the notes, which are essential to a full understanding of the data contained in the financial statements. The Authority's basic financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Authority's finances.

The *Statements of Net Position* present information on all the Authority's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of the Authority's financial position.

The Statements of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Net Position present information showing how the Authority's net position changed during the most recent year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenue and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future periods.

The *Statements of Cash Flows* relates to the flows of cash and cash equivalents. Consequently, only transactions that affect the Authority's cash accounts are recorded in this statement. A reconciliation is provided at the bottom of the *Statements of Cash Flows* to assist in understanding the difference between cash flows, operating activities and operating income.

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents the Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Net Position Budget Basis and the Reconciliation of Budgetary Basis to GAAP as supplementary information.

Financial Position Summary

The changes in net position over time serve as a useful indicator of the Authority's financial position. The Authority's assets exceeded liabilities by \$37.7 million as of September 30, 2013, a decrease of \$340 thousand from September 30, 2012.

A condensed summary of the Authority's financial position at September 30 is shown below.

	<u>2013</u>	2012	<u>2011</u>	% Change 2013/2012	% Change 2012/2011
ASSETS: Current Assets Capital Assets Total Assets	5,765,334 32,489,050 38,254,384	5,805,084 32,872,962 38,678,046	5,844,570 33,847,683 39,692,253	-0.7% -1.2% -1.1%	-0.7% -2.9% -2.6%
LIABILITIES: Current Liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities Deferred Inflows of resources Total Liabilities	374,619	379,585	247,694	-1.3%	53.2%
	171,381	157,664	159,553	8.7%	-1.2%
	-	<u>91,530</u>	<u>16,854</u>	-100.0%	443.1%
	<u>546,000</u>	<u>628,779</u>	<u>424,101</u>	-13.2%	48.3%
NET ASSETS: Invested in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Net Position	32,489,050	32,872,962	33,847,683	-1.2%	-2.9%
	5,500	5,500	-	.0%	N/A
	<u>5,213,834</u>	<u>5,170,805</u>	<u>5,420,469</u>	0.8%	-4.6%
	37,708,384	38,049,267	39,268,152	-0.9%	-3.1%

The largest portion of the Authority's net position is invested in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, improvements and equipment). No outstanding debt is attributable to these assets. The Authority uses its capital assets to provide services to its aviation partners, passengers and fixed-base operators. This requirement includes the obligation to preserve and maintain airport facilities in a safe and serviceable condition and includes the responsibility to operate the aeronautical facilities and common use areas for the benefit of the public. Consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

The Authority's unrestricted net position is available to meet current and future obligations. The Authority anticipates that these funds will be needed to pay future capital expenditures and maintain adequate levels of working capital.

The Authority's restricted net position represents an amount required to be set aside as a performance bond by a communications use lease with the Bureau of Land Management. These funds are restricted as they must be held for the duration of the lease which terminates on December 31, 2031.

The noncurrent liability increased due to an increase in accrued compensated absences.

Summary of Operations and Changes in Net Position

Aircraft operations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2013, increased approximately 10.8% from 28,713 to 31,824. General aviation increased by 11.6% and commercial airline increased 2.1% Staff

attributes this increase to milder winter weather conditions, improving economic conditions and increased use of the local air pattern. It is also notable, even with the fire, that diversions and cancellations decreased by 4.6%.

Enplaned passengers for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2013 increased approximately 0.9% for the same period from 50,910 to 51,392. Horizon Air enplanements increased by 4.9% while SkyWest Airlines experienced a 12.9% decrease. The increases/decreases are primarily attributed to weather/reliability issues, increased marketing efforts and the Beaver Creek fire that resulted in a 71% increase in diversions/cancellations during the month of August.

A condensed summary of the Authority's revenue, expenses and changes in net position for the fiscal year ending September 30 is shown below.

	<u>2013</u>	2012	<u>2011</u>	% Change 2013/2012	% Change 2012/2011
Operating Revenue	2,184,610	2,199,031	2,227,328	-0.7%	-1.3%
Operating Expenses	<u>3,580,984</u>	<u>3,713,175</u>	<u>3,701,028</u>	-3.6%	0.3%
Operating (income/loss)	-1,396,374	-1,514,144	-1,473,700	7.8%	-2.7%
Non Operating Revenue					
(Expenses)	312,968	143,319	412,175	118.4%	-65.2%
Capital Contributions	<u>742,523</u>	<u>151,940</u>	<u>2,421,229</u>	388.7%	-93.7%
Changes in net position	-340,883	-1,218,885	1,359,704	72.0%	-189.6%
Beginning net position	38,049,267	39,268,152	<u>37,908,448</u>	-3.1%	3.6%
Ending net position	37,708,819	38,049,267	<u>39,268,152</u>	-0.9%	-3.1%

Operating revenue decreased 0.7% from the prior fiscal year. Highlights of the revenues are as follows:

- Automobile Parking revenue increased 21.3%. This increase is primarily attributed to the months
 of March, August & September. In March and September Horizon promoted fare specials and in
 August the Beaver Creek Fire mandated several evacuations which resulted in an increased
 number of locals and second home owners utilizing the terminal parking lot. The increase is also
 related to the method of calculating commissions once gross revenues collected exceed
 \$13,000.00. Once the \$13,000 is reached, the percent of commission due to the Airport escalates
 from 35% to 80% of the gross revenues collected.
- Automobile rental revenue experienced a 1.9% increase. This increase is the result of commission revenue received from an off-airport operator. It is notable that the on-airport auto rental decreased approximately 3.8%. This decrease is attributed to the Beaver Creek Fire. Several local events were cancelled and county-wide evacuations were mandated due to fire conditions. The auto rental concessionaires experienced a high level of cancellations during this time.

The auto rental concession leases were renegotiated during fiscal year 2013 with a commencement date of November 1, 2013. The new leases were entered into with two existing agencies and one off-site operator that will now be on-site. It is anticipated the addition of a third operator will increase revenues.

- Fuel Flowage Revenue increased 7.4%. This is primarily attributed to increased aircraft operations and improving national economic factors.
- Rents, fees, commissions and leases increased approximately 2.5%. The increase is a combination
 of increased transient landing and tiedown fees and adjustments made to FBO and hangar land
 lease rates. One notable item, tiedown fees, decreased approximately 20%. This decrease is
 attributed to the decrease in local small aircraft owners, an aging local pilot population and
 prolonged local economic factors.
- Miscellaneous revenue decreased 71.3%. The decrease is primarily attributed to the TSA discontinuing their law enforcement reimbursement contract with the Airport.

Operating expenses decreased 3.6% over the prior fiscal year. Highlights of expenses are as follows:

- Employee wages, benefits and taxes increased 1.8%. This increase is attributed to employee merit increases and an anticipated increase in medical premiums.
- Travel increased 160.5%. This increase is related to the Airport being reassigned from the FAA regional office in Seattle to Helena, MT during the planning of a major airport reconfiguration program. This reassignment required travel to the new regional office with consultants to obtain FAA guidance and approval on proposed airport improvements. Travel expenses were also increased due to attendance at meetings with American Association of Airport Executives (AAAE) US Contract Tower (USCTA) and meetings with airline representatives.
- Contracts COH LEO was dramatically reduced when the TSA discontinued their law enforcement (LEO) service reimbursement agreement with the Airport. The Airport has entered into a separate agreement with the City of Hailey Police Department to provide a minimal amount of LEO services during commercial flights.
- Service Provider Weather Increased 132.3% due to an upgrade in service. What was previously available on a stand-alone computer is now web-based. This upgrade includes additional features and increases accessibility.
- Professional Services Litigation increased due to the FAA's threat of cessation of FAA funding
 for the Airport Contract Control Tower (Tower). The Airport Authority hired Kaplan, Kirsch &
 Rockwell, LLP to defend the Airport's need to retain the Tower based on local conditions and safety
 concerns. To date, funding for the Tower remains funded through January 15, 2014; however,
 future FAA funding is not certain and the need for additional legal services may resurface.
- Contracts Security CMS (Credential Management Service) The CMS system was implemented in March 2013. The subscription fees charged in fiscal year 2012 were credited in fiscal year 2013 due to an unanticipated delayed in the operational startup.
- R/M BLDGS Terminal Increased 44.5% due to an aging building and an evaluation of maintenance needs.
- R/M Airfield decreased 99.5% due to asphalt repair material that was purchased in bulk in fiscal year 2012 and the need for asphalt repair was less in fiscal year 2013 due to reconstruction of the

transient tiedown ramp and the plan to eliminate taxiway A as part of the FAA mandated runway safety area improvement projects.

- R/M Lights decreased 624% due to repairs and spare parts purchased in fiscal year 2012 that were not required in fiscal year 2013.
- Fuel/Lubricants decreased 63.9%. This decrease is attributed to a winter of low snowfall which
 resulted in a reduced amount of snow removal efforts.
- Supplies/Equipment—Deicer did not reflect an expense in fiscal year 2013. This is the result of mild winter weather conditions and a bulk purchase of de-icing fluid in fiscal year to avoid a price increase.

Comparison of Budget and Actual Results

No amendments were made to the Authority's *Budgeted Revenue*, *Expenses and Changes in Net Position* during the fiscal year ending September 30, 2013. A summary of operating revenue and expenses based on the actual budgetary basis is shown below.

	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance</u>
Total Operating Revenue	2,133,373	2,184,610	51,237
Total Operating Expenses	2,032,702	1,922,568	<u>-110,134</u>
Operating Income (loss)	<u>100,671</u>	<u>262,042</u>	<u>161,371</u>

Actual results reported above may differ from the actual results as reported in the *Statement of Revenue*, *Expenses and Changes in Net Position* for the following reasons:

- 1. Accruals of compensated absences are not budgeted.
- 2. Depreciation is a non-cash item and therefore not budgeted.
- 3. Passenger Facility Charges (PFC) are budgeted based on receipts but may be deferred for GAAP.
- 4. Interest earned on PFCs are budgeted as interest but reportable as PFC revenue for GAAP.
- 5. Capital asset purchases are budgeted but are an asset instead of an expense for GAAP.

The Authority's budget philosophy is to conservatively estimate revenue while, at the same time, making certain that budgeted operating expenses are not understated. The fiscal year 2013 budget process was a direct reflection of the economy and the Authority's conscientious approach to estimating revenues and expenses.

Capital Acquisitions and Construction Activities

The decrease to *Buildings and Improvements* includes the disposal of terminal security system equipment and the installation of an air conditioning unit in the air passenger terminal.

The increase to *Airfield and General Improvements* includes the acquisition of window shades, an air conditioning unit and a security camera for the air traffic control tower and installation of a fiber optic data line between the air passenger terminal and administration office to improve data throughput. A decrease was recorded due to a refund received from the FAA on AIP '30 for the VASI installation .

The increase to *Office Equipment* includes the acquisition of a copier, disposal of a copier, disposal and acquisition of computer equipment and an upgrade and redesign of the Airport's website.

The increase to *Maintenance Equipment/Vehicles* is related to the disposal of maintenance equipment and acquisition of driver's training software, snow removal equipment, operation equipment, operations radio, and security upgrades.

The increase to Assessments/Plans & Studies is related to the AIP '37 90-Day Study.

The increase to Construction in Progress is related to the Runway Safety Improvements completed (AIP '038/'039). During fiscal year 2011, the FAA suspended the Environmental Impact Study (EIS) Phase I/II. At the end of fiscal year 2013, this study had been terminated; however, remained to be in a suspended status as the grant final reports have not been completed by the FAA. This project remains in *Construction in Progress*.

Long-term Liabilities

The only long-term liability is for compensated absences, which represents vacation, comp time and 25% of sick leave, which has been accrued but will be paid in future periods as used or on termination of employment. The total liability at September 30, 2013, was \$171,381. The total liability increase is related to the amount of benefits accrued but not used. Currently, the Authority has no other long-term debt outstanding nor are there any plans to incur any long-term debt.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide the Authority's Board, management, investors, creditors and customers with a general view of the Authority's net position and results of operations. Questions concerning any information contained in this report may be directed to the Airport Manager, 1616 Airport Circle, Hailey, ID 83333.

STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION ENTERPRISE FUND September 30, 2013 and 2012

ASSETS	2013	<u>2012</u>
Current Assets:	Ф Г <i>АГА</i> Е7С	e = 422 0.44
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,451,576	\$ 5,433,041
Operating accounts receivable	148,180	191,847
Due from other governments	156,233	78,314
Interest receivable	533	968
Prepaid expenses	3,312	3,884
Restricted cash and cash equivalents:		= =00
BLM	5,500	5,500
Passenger Facility Charges		91,530
Total Current Assets	5,765,334	5,805,084
Noncurrent Assets:		
Capital assets:		0.740.007
Land	6,712,067	6,712,067
Construction in progress	8,760,396	8,017,410
Airfield, buildings, equipment, improvements, plans and studies	39,983,509	39,575,929
	55,455,972	54,305,406
Accumulated depreciation	(22,966,922)	(21,432,444)
Total Capital Assets	32,489,050	32,872,962
Total Assets	38,254,384	38,678,046
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities:		400 700
Trade accounts payable	56,640	108,739
Payable City of Hailey	1,487	14,065
Accounts payable for capital improvements	223,671	163,511
Accrued payroll and benefits	3,029	3,403
Customer deposits	7,400	7,300
Accrued compensated absences	82,392	82,567
Total Current Liabilities	374,619	379,585
Noncurrent Liabilities:		
Long-term accrued compensated absences	171,381_	157,664
Total Liabilities	546,000	537,249
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred revenue - Passenger Facility Charges	-	91,530
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		91,530
NET POSITION		
	32,489,050	32,872,962
Invested in capital assets	5,500	5,500
Restricted	5,213,834	5,170,805
Unrestricted	\$ 37,708,384	\$ 38,049,267
Total Net Position	Ψ 01,100,004	<u> </u>

STATEMENTS OF REVENUE, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION ENTERPRISE FUND

For the Years Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012

	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
Operating Revenue: Airlines	\$ 176,753 389,427	\$ 171,072 381,889
Automobile rental	85,789	70,711
Auto parking Rents, fees, commissions and leases	1,306,635	1,274,265
Fuel flowage fees	190,494	177,287
Other operating revenue	35,512	123,807
Total Operating Revenue	2,184,610	2,199,031
Operating Expenses:		
Employee wages, benefits and taxes	1,190,186	1,169,218
Supplies	59,234	101,429
Utilities	80,711	76,357 486,109
Services and contracts	378,053 90,988	460,109 98,970
Repairs and maintenance	90,988 67,930	61,073
Insurance	69,009	69,614
Other operating expense	1,644,873	1,650,405
Depreciation Total Operating Expenses	3,580,984	3,713,175
Total Operating Expenses		
Operating Income (Loss)	(1,396,374)	(1,514,144)
Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses):		
Passenger Facility Charges	304,284	131,824
Interest income	8,684	11,495
Contribution income	242.060	143,319
Total Nonoperating Revenue and (Expenses)	312,968	143,319
Income (Loss) before Capital Contributions	(1,083,406)	(1,370,825)
Capital Contributions	742,523	151,940
Change in Net Position	(340,883)	(1,218,885)
Net Position, Beginning of Year	38,049,267	39,268,152
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 37,708,384	\$ 38,049,267

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS ENTERPRISE FUND

For the Years Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012

	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from customers Cash payments for employees' services and benefits Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	\$ 2,228,641 (1,177,018) (810,030)	\$ 2,143,931 (1,154,139) (824,112)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	241,593	165,680
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition and construction of capital assets Grants and other amounts received for the purchase of capital assets Passenger facility charges received for the purchase of capital assets	(1,201,065) 664,604 212,754	(634,186) 113,402 206,500
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	(323,707)	(314,284)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Receipts of interest	9,119	11,671
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	9,119	11,671
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(72,995)	(136,933)
Balances - beginning of the year	5,530,071	5,667,004
Balances - end of the year	\$ 5,457,076	\$ 5,530,071
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OP	FRATING ACTI	VITIES:
	\$(1,396,374)	\$ (1,514,144)
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	ψ(1,390,374)	Ψ (1,014,144)
Depreciation Noncash transactions - undepreciated cost in assets disposed of Change in assets and liabilities:	1,644,873 264	1,650,405 -
(Increase) decrease in trade accounts receivable	43,667	(59,600)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses	572	515
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable trade	(64,677) (374)	68,925 123
Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll and benefits	100	4,500
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits Increase (decrease) in accrued compensated absences	13,542	14,956
Total Adjustment and Changes	1,637,967	1,679,824
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 241,593	\$ 165,680

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

1-A. Organization and Reporting Entity

Organization

Effective October 1, 1994, Blaine County, Idaho and the City of Hailey, Idaho entered into a Joint Powers Agreement creating the Friedman Memorial Airport Authority (Authority) for the purpose of operating and managing airport activities in Blaine County, Idaho. The Authority is a public entity of the State of Idaho and therefore the Authority's income is exempt from Federal and Idaho income taxes. The Authority is governed by a seven-member board with three members representing Blaine County, three members representing the City of Hailey and one member who is unanimously selected by the other six members. The Authority has hired employees to provide for the day-to-day operations and management.

Pursuant to the Joint Powers Agreement, all buildings, improvements, facilities, equipment, and personal property used by the Authority were conveyed by Blaine County and the City of Hailey to the Authority for use and benefit of the Authority and title thereof shall be held by the Authority. Upon termination of this Agreement, title to all buildings, improvements, facilities, equipment and personal property held by the Authority shall vest jointly in Blaine County and the City of Hailey.

Reporting Entity

Generally accepted accounting principles require government financial statements to include the primary government and its component units. Component units of a governmental entity are legally separate entities for which the primary government is considered to be financially accountable and for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the combined financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The primary government is considered to be financially accountable if it appoints a majority of an organization's governing body and imposes its will on that organization. The primary government may also be financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent on the primary government, regardless of the authority of the organization's governing board.

Based on the application of the criteria set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, management has determined that the Authority does not have component units. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements include only the operations of the Friedman Memorial Airport Authority.

1-B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

The Friedman Memorial Airport Authority's financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenue and receivables are recognized when services are provided and expense and liabilities are recorded at the time goods and services are received.

The Authority's accounting policies conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to proprietary funds of governmental units. Proprietary funds use the economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net position.

Proprietary operating revenue, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the operating unit. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as interest or capital contributions, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities. Nonexchange transactions, in which the Authority gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) value in exchange, include grants, donations and passenger facility charges (PFCs). Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. PFCs along with related interest earnings are recorded as deferred revenue until authorized for matching payments on construction projects under an FAA approved Application to Use. Once authorized to use, PFC receipts are recognized and recorded as nonoperating revenue in the year collected.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements, incorporates into the GASB's authoritative literature certain accounting and financial reporting guidance that is included in Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins of the AICPA Committee on Accounting Procedures, which does not conflict with or contradict other GASB pronouncements. The provisions of this statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2011. GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, provides financial reporting guidance for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources and renames the resulting measure as net position rather than net assets. The provisions of this statement are effective for the financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2011. As of October 1, 2012, the Authority adopted the above GASB statements, which did not have a significant impact on its financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and* Liabilities, clarifies the appropriate reporting of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources to ensure consistency in financial reporting. The statement also recognizes, as outflows of resources or inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities. As of October 1, 2012, the Authority adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 65 and restated deferred revenues from PFCs from noncurrent liabilities to deferred inflows of resources.

1-C. Assets, Liabilities and Equity

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of reporting cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash in bank accounts and funds deposited in the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool. Because the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool is sufficiently liquid to permit withdrawal of cash at any time without prior notice or penalty, equity in the pool is deemed to be a cash equivalent. These funds are carried at cost which is not materially different than fair value.

Accounts Receivable

Based upon past experience, uncollectible receivables are deemed immaterial by management and no allowance has been provided.

Prepaid Expenses

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are stated at cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value when received. Only assets with a value over \$1,500 are capitalized. The Authority does include the cost of all infrastructure assets in capital assets. Assets held under capital leases are recorded at the lower of fair market value or the present value of future lease payments and amortized over the estimated life of the asset. Depreciation is calculated by the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of the depreciable property as follows:

Building and improvements	4 to 50 years
Airfield and general improvements	4 to 25 years
Office equipment	2 to 10 years
Maintenance equipment and vehicles	2 to 20 years
Assessments, plans and studies	4 to 20 years

Restricted Cash - BLM

This cash represents an amount required to be set aside as a performance bond by a communications use lease with the Bureau of Land Management. These funds are restricted as they must be held for the duration of the lease which terminates on December 31, 2031.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

Restricted Cash - Passenger Facility Charges Funds

This cash represents PFC collections based on an approved FAA application to "impose" such charges on enplaned passengers at the Airport. These funds are restricted to funding designated capital projects.

Use of Restricted Resources

The Authority's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an eligible expenditure is made for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Budget

The Airport is required by state law to adopt an annual budget. The budgetary basis is accrual but differs from the basis of accounting used for the financial statements in the following ways:

- 1. Accruals of compensated absences are not budgeted.
- 2. Depreciation is a non-cash item and therefore not budgeted.
- 3. PFCs are budgeted based on receipts but may be deferred for GAAP.
- 4. Interest earned on PFCs is budgeted as interest but reportable as PFC revenue for GAAP.
- 5. Capital asset purchases are budgeted but are reported as an asset instead of as an expense for GAAP.

Compensated Absences

All employees receive 96 hours of sick leave per year with no maximum accrual. Vacation is received based on years of service. Those having one to two years of service receive 80 hours of vacation annually and the hours received increase 8 hours per year for every two years of service. Compensated absences consist of accrued vacation, comp time and 25% of accrued sick leave that would be paid upon termination of employment.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimated.

Reclassifications

Certain accounts in the prior year financial statements have been reclassified for comparative purposes to conform with the presentation in the current year financial statements.

1-D. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through January 10, 2014, the date on which financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

Note 2. Deposits and Investments

The following is a reconciliation of the Authority's deposit and investment balances as of September 30, 2013 and 2012:

¢	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
Cash on hand	\$ 50	\$ 50
Bank deposits	22,970	97,203
Repurchase agreement	181,511	238,999
State of Idaho Local Government		
Investment Pool	5,252,545	<u>5,193,819</u>
	\$ 5,457,076	<u>\$ 5,530,071</u>

The Authority invests in the State of Idaho Local Government Investment Pool. These funds can be liquidated at cost as needed and are carried at cost which is not materially different than fair value. The invested amounts at year end are as listed above.

Deposit and Investment Policy

The Authority's Investment Policy limits investments to interest-bearing accounts through approved and chosen financial institutions and the State of Idaho Local Government Investment Pool. The accounts are to be reviewed monthly by the Board's financial review committee.

Credit Risk

The Authority's investment policy limits investment choices to interest-bearing accounts at approved banks or the State of Idaho Local Government Investment Pool. As of September 30, 2013 and 2012, the Authority's deposits and investment had the following credit ratings:

	2013	2012	Credit
Investment	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>	Rating
Mountain West Savings	\$ 17,308	\$ 91,623	None
Mountain West Certificate of Deposit	5,662	5,580	None
Mountain West repurchase agreement	181,511	238,999	None
State of Idaho Local Government Investment Pool	5,252,545	5,193,819	None

Investment by the Authority in State of Idaho Local Government Investment Pool is considered unclassified as to credit risk because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. The type of investments allowed is regulated by *Idaho Code* and oversight is provided by the Idaho State Treasurer's Office.

Custodial Credit Risk

The Authority's investment policy does not limit the amount of deposits in approved and chosen financial institutions.

As of September 30, 2013, the carrying amount of the Authority's bank deposits was \$204,481 and the respective bank balances totaled \$290,577. The Authority's deposits at September 30, 2013, were covered by \$250,000 of insurance from the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation and \$275,896 of collateral. None of these deposits were unsecured or uninsured. The securities serving as collateral are held in the name of the financial institution and not that of the Authority.

As of September 30, 2012, the carrying amount of the Authority's bank deposits was \$336,202 and the respective bank balances totaled \$376,657. The Authority's deposits at September 30, 2012, were covered by \$250,000 of insurance from the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation and \$280,388 of collateral. None of these deposits were unsecured or uninsured. The securities serving as collateral are held in the name of the financial institution and not that of the Authority.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Authority's investment policy does not place limits on amounts invested in any one issuer. Pooled investments and investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government are not considered a concentration of credit risk. On September 30, 2013 and 2012, the Authority did not have 5% or more of its deposits and investments with one issuer.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The Authority does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

The Authority's investment policy limits their investments and deposits to interest-bearing accounts at approved and chosen financial institutions. The Authority had the following deposits and investments as of September 30, 2013 and 2012:

			Weighted		vv eigntea
		2013	Average	. 2012	Average
Investment	F	-air Value	<u>Duration</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>Duration</u>
Repurchase agreement	\$ -	181,511	1 day	\$ 238,999	1 day
Investment pool		5,252,545	121 days	5,193,819	121 days
Certificate of Deposit		5,662	2 years 16 days	5,580	3 years 16 days
Demand deposits		17,308	not applicable	91,623	not applicable

Note 3. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2013, was as follows:

		Balance <u>9/30/2012</u>	<u>In</u>	<u>crease</u>	<u>Decrease</u>	<u> </u>	<u>ransfer</u>		Balance 9/30/2013
Nondepreciable capital assets: Land	\$	6,712,067	\$		\$	\$		\$	6,712,067
Construction in progress	•	8,017,411	,	817,105			(74,120)		8,760,396
Depreciable capital assets:		7 020 565		2,680	(3,970)				7.037,275
Buildings and improvements Airfield and general improvements		7,038,565 26,458,626		22,662	(72,952)				26,408,336
Office equipment		138,942		19,321	(18,326)				139,937
Maintenance equipment & vehicles		3,815,025		419,868	(74,209)		11,917		4,172,601
Assessments, plans & studies		2,124,770		38,387			62,203		2,225,360
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		54,305,406		1,320,023	(169,457)		-		55,455,972
Accumulated depreciation	(21,432,444)	(1	1,644,873)	110,395			_	22,966,922)
/ todamatata depresiation	\$	32,872,962	\$	(324,850)	\$ (59,062)	\$	-	\$	32,489,050

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2012, was as follows:

		Balance 9/30/2011		Increase	Decr	<u>ease</u>	<u>Transfer</u>		Balance /30/2012
Nondepreciable capital assets:			_				•	Φ	0.740.007
Land	\$	6,712,067	\$		\$		\$	\$	6,712,067
Construction in progress		7,671,572		355,996			(10,157)		8,017,411
Depreciable capital assets:									
Depreciating capital assets:									
Buildings and improvements		6,949,110		89,455					7,038,565
Airfield and general improvements		26,274,696		173,773			10,157	2	26,458,626
Office equipment		100,585		43,621	(5	,264)			138,942
Maintenance equipment & vehicles		3,802,186		12,839					3,815,025
Assessments, plans & studies		2,124,770							<u>2,124,770</u>
, 100,000		53,634,986		675,684	(5	,264)	-	Ę	54,305,406
Accumulated depreciation	1	(19,787,303)		(1,650,405)		5,264			<u>1,432,444</u>)
	\$	33,847,683	\$	(974,721)	\$	-	<u>\$</u>	\$ 3	32,872,962

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

Note 4. Accounts Receivable

The Airport manager, under the direction of the Airport, charges fees and rents for parking (aircraft and automobiles), landing of aircraft, fuel flowage, hangars and concession commissions. Landing fees are based on the weight of the aircraft while parking fees are based on the class and weight of each aircraft. Auto parking is on a commission basis. The Airport clerk posts these charges on a regular basis and bills each user.

Based upon past experience, uncollectible receivables are deemed immaterial by management.

The Authority's uncollected accounts as of September 30, 2013 and 2012, are as follows:

		<u> 2013</u>		<u> 2012</u>
Current	\$	147,385	\$	191,277
30-60 days		72		253
60-90 days		738		194
90 days and over		(15)	·	123
	<u>\$</u>	148,180	\$	191,847
Government grants receivable	<u>\$_</u>	156,233	\$	78,31 <u>4</u>

Note 5. Long-term Liabilities

Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended September 30, 2013, are as follows:

		Balance at 10/01/2012		Additions	Reductions	Balance 9/30/2013	Amount due within 1 year
Compensated absences	<u>\$</u>	<u> 157,664</u>	<u>\$</u>	13,717	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 171,381</u>	<u>\$</u>
Changes in long-term obligation	ıs fo	r the year en	dec	d Septembe	er′30, 2012, ar	e as follows:	
		Balance at <u>10/01/2011</u>		Additions	Reductions	Balance 9/30/2012	Amount due within 1 year

Note 6. Pension Plan

Compensated absences

The Authority adopted a Simplified Employee Pension Plan (SEP) which became effective January 1, 1998. Vesting in the plan is immediate and all employees whose compensation exceeds \$450 and have performed services in at least one of the immediately preceding 5 years receive contributions. Plan contributions were \$98,328 for the year ended September 30, 2013, and \$97,111 for the year ended September 30, 2012.

Note 7. Risk Management

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters for which the Authority purchases commercial insurance. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage in the current year. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

Note 8. Concentrations

The Authority enters into contracts with service providers at the Airport. Because of physical space limitations at the airfield, there are limited facilities available for service providers. During the current year, there were two airlines that provide scheduled commercial service, one fuel supplier, one fixed-base operator, one gift shop, one car park and two rental car agencies.

\$ 157,664

1.889

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

Note 9. Lease Revenue

The Airport leases its property to commercial airlines, car rental companies, concessionaires, fixed base operators who service the airline industry and hanger operations. The airlines have annual renewal dates and some concessionaires are month to month. The long-term leases can only be terminated by buying out the lease and vary from 3 to 20 years. Some of these leases are increased annually by an inflation factor based on the CPI. These inflation rates are unknown and have not been included in amounts calculated. The net book value of property held for operating lease as of September 30, 2013, is \$563,333, not including the value of the land leased by hangar owners/operators. No allocation of land values between leased and utilized land has been done. The projected lease revenue at current rates is as follows:

Year Ended	
September 30	
2014	\$ 982,073
2015	668,381
2016	660,218
2017	246,828
2018	301,841
2019 to 2023	1,299,137
2024 to 2028	 486,553
Total	\$ 4,645,031

Note 10. Passenger Facility Charges

PFCs at the rate of \$4.50 per enplaned passenger have been imposed by the Authority under a Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) approved application effective January 1, 2014 until the later of collecting \$527,500 or January 1, 2016. The total amount has been approved for use.

PFC revenue is used as matching funds for capital projects funded with Airport Improvement Project funds. There was deferred revenue of \$91,530 at September 30, 2012, and \$0 at September 30, 2013.

The following schedule shows the amounts collected and expended:

•	2	2013	2	<u>2012</u>
	Receipts	Expenditures	<u>Receipts</u>	<u>Expenditures</u>
PFC 11-07-C-00-SUN PFC 12-08-C-00-SUN	\$ 129,932 82,822	\$ - 400,103	\$ 206,500	\$ 131,824 -

Note 11. Capital Contributions

During the years ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, the Authority received the following capital contributions:

	<u>2013</u>		<u>2012</u>
Federal grants State grants Other sources	\$	742,523 - -	\$ 131,940 20,000
	<u>\$</u>	742,523	\$ 151,940

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

Note 12. Commitments

The Authority had four open grants from the U.S. Department of Transportation Airport Improvement Program (AIP) as of September 30, 2013. A summary of these projects is as follows:

Project Description

AIP 38 AIP 39							
AIP 03	P 03 Conduct environmental study for replacement airport for Friedman Memorial Airport, Hailey, Idaho (Phase 3)						
AIP 04	Conduct environmental study for Idaho (Phase 4)	repla	acement airpor	t for l	Friedman Merr		
	,		Total		Federal	E	kpenditures
			Budget		<u>Awards</u>		to date
AIP 38		\$	737,984	\$	691,860	\$	582,414
AIP 39			2,383,738		2,234,754		234,237
AIP 03			477,703		453,818		477,703
AIP 04			2,631,579		2,500,000		2,631,579
, • .		\$	6,231,004	\$	<u>5,880,432</u>	<u>\$</u>	3,925,933

Note 13. Contingencies

The 2004 Master Plan adopted by the Authority and accepted by the FAA on August 12, 2004. concluded that a new airport is the best long-term solution for aviation safety and for meeting the air transportation needs of the Wood River Valley and surrounding communities. The Authority agreed that new airport issues would be addressed in various future feasibility studies. Conclusions also indicated that interim improvements would need to be made to the current facility. Both safety and capacity improvements will continue to be made at the current site so that it may continue to function at the highest levels. AIP 38 through AIP 04 are all projects developed to implement the 2004 Master Plan vision and to search for a new airport location to resolve aviation safety and air transport needs and to make interim improvements while the relocation is studied and implemented. On August 22, 2011, the FAA notified the Authority that the Replacement Airport Environmental Impact Statement was suspended indefinitely due to increased anticipated costs and potential impacts to wildlife. Specifically, the FAA was concerned that the replacement airport project may not be affordable for either the FAA or the local community. The Authority held public discussions with the community and determined that there was a desire to identify any possible short-term mitigation available at the existing site while continuing to pursue the ultimate goal of a replacement airport at another site. At the FAA's direction, the Authority conducted an Airport Alternatives Technical Analysis to identify all conceivable configurations and options that could be implemented at the existing airport site. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Authority began a series of construction projects to implement Alternative 6 of the Airport Alternatives Technical Analysis. Authority will continue to determine the need to locate a site for a replacement airport.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

Note 14. Related Party Transactions

The City of Hailey, Idaho is one of the entities that created the Authority by entering into a Joint Powers Agreement. The Authority contracts with the City of Hailey for certain security services and reimburses the City for the cost of these services. The Authority also pays the City of Hailey for sewer, water and garbage collection at the same rates as other customers. Other services may also be contracted for at comparable rates as others are charged. The amounts paid for these services are as follows:

To these services are as rememen	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>		
Security services Utilities	\$ 4,012 8,818	\$ 160,292 9,009		

The amount due to the City of Hailey at September 30, 2013, was \$1,487 and was paid within 30 days.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

		Budgeted . Original	Am	nounts Final	В	Actual udgetary <u>Basis</u>	Ρ	ariance ositive egative)
Operating Revenue:					_		_	(0.047)
Airlines	\$	185,400	\$	185,400	\$	176,753	\$	(8,647)
Automobile rental		401,800		401,800		389,427		(12,373)
Auto parking		70,000		70,000		85,789		15,789
Rents, fees, commissions and leases		1,304,173		1,304,173		1,306,635		2,462
Fuel flowage fees		172,000		172,000		190,494		18,494
Other operating revenue						35,512		35,512
Total Operating Revenue		2,133,373		2,133,373		2,184,610		51,237
Operating Expenses:		1,207,597		1,207,597		1,176,643		30,954
Employee wages, benefits and taxes		93,500		93,500		59,234		34,266
Supplies		89,510		89,510		80,711		8,799
Utilities Services and contracts		355,145		355,145		378,053		(22,908)
		108,000		108,000		90,988		17,012
Repairs and maintenance		68,150		68,150		67,930		220
Insurance Other operating expense		110,800		110,800		69,009		41,791
Total Operating Expenses		2,032,702		2,032,702		1,922,568		110,134
Total Operating Expenses								
Operating Income		100,671		100,671		262,042		161,371
Nonoperating Revenue and (Expenses):								
Passenger Facility Charges		213,000		213,000		212,542		(458)
Interest income		14,000		14,000		8,896		(5,104)
Contribution income		_		-		-		-
Total Nonoperating Revenue and (Expenses)		227,000		227,000		221,438		(5,562)
Capital Contributions	epoporor.	4,660,000	*********	4,660,000	-	742,523	(3,917,477)
Capital Expenditures		5,427,771		5,427,771		1,320,023		4,107,748
Change in Net Position	\$	(440,100)	\$	(440,100)	\$	(94,020)	\$	346,080

RECONCILIATION OF BUDGETARY BASIS TO GAAP For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

	Actual Budgetary <u>Basis</u>	GAAP <u>Basis</u>	<u>Difference</u>	Number of Explanation
Operating Revenue: Airlines Automobile rental	\$ 176,753 389,427	\$ 176,753 389,427	\$ 0	
Auto parking Rents, fees, commissions and leases Fuel flowage fees Other operating revenue	85,789 1,306,635 190,494 35,512	85,789 1,306,635 190,494 35,512	0 0 0 0	
Total Operating Revenue	2,184,610	2,184,610		•
Operating Expenses: Employee wages, benefits and taxes Supplies Utilities Services and contracts Repairs and maintenance Insurance Other operating expense Depreciation Total Operating Expenses Operating Income	1,176,643 59,234 80,711 378,053 90,988 67,930 69,009 - 1,922,568 262,042	1,190,186 59,234 80,711 378,053 90,988 67,930 69,009 1,644,873 3,580,984 (1,396,374)	13,543 0 0 0 0 0 0 1,644,873 1,658,416 (1,658,416)	1 2
Nonoperating Revenue and (Expenses): Passenger Facility Charges Interest income Total Nonoperating Revenue and (Expenses)	212,542 8,896 221,438	304,284 8,684 312,968	91,742 (212) 91,530	3, 4 - -
Capital Contributions Capital Expenditures	742,523 1,320,023 \$ (94,020)	742,523 - \$ (340,883)	1,320,023 \$ (246,863)	- - 5

- 1. Accruals of compensated absences are not budgeted.
- 2. Depreciation is a noncash item and therefore not budgeted.
- 3. Passenger facility charges (PFC) are budgeted based on receipts but may be deferred for GAAP.
- 4. Interest earned on PFCs is budgeted as interest but reportable as PFC revenue for GAAP.
- 5. Capital asset purchases are budgeted but are reported as an asset instead of as an expense for GAAP.

OMB CIRCULAR A-133 SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL REPORT

September 30, 2013

OMB CIRCULAR A-133 SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL REPORT

CONTENTS

Page	
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	. 26-27
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133	. 28-29
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	30
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	31
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	. 32-33
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	34

SIMMONS AND CLUBB

CPAs

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL COMPANY
Member American Institute of
Certified Public Accountants

Roger Clubb Brad Hodges Mary Kay Peterson

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Freidman Memorial Airport Authority Hailey, Idaho

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Friedman Memorial Airport Authority, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Friedman Memorial Airport Authority's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 10, 2014.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Freidman Memorial Airport Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Friedman Memorial Airport Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weakness or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matter

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Friedman Memorial Airport Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Simmons and Clubb Certified Public Accountants

Grand Hoolges

Boise, Idaho January 10, 2014

SIMMONS AND CLUBB

CPAs

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL COMPANY
Member American Institute of
Certified Public Accountants

Roger Clubb Brad Hodges Mary Kay Peterson

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

To the Board of Friedman Memorial Airport Authority Hailey, Idaho

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Friedman Memorial Airport Authority's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on Friedman Memorial Airport Authority's major federal program for the year ended September 30, 2013. Friedman Memorial Airport Authority's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance of Friedman Memorial Airport Authority's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Friedman Memorial Airport Authority's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Friedman Memorial Airport Authority's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Friedman Memorial Airport Authority complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended September 30, 2013.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Friedman Memorial Airport Authority is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Authority's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program to determine the auditing procedures appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Friedman Memorial Airport Authority's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Simmons and Clubb Certified Public Accountants

Boise, Idaho January 10, 2014

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

Federal Grantor Program Title	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Transportation Airport Improvement Program	20.106	<u>\$ 742,523</u>
Total Federal Financial Assistance		<u>\$ 742,523</u>

NOTE TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of Friedman Memorial Airport Authority and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The Information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements Type of auditors' report issued: unqualified opinion Internal control over financial reporting: No Yes Material weaknesses identified? Reportable conditions identified that are not considered to be No material weaknesses? Yes Noncompliance material to financial No statements noted? Yes Federal Awards Internal control over major programs: Material weaknesses identified? Yes .No Reportable conditions identified that are not considered to be None reported material weaknesses? Yes Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs: unqualified Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance No Yes with section 510(a) of Circular A-133? Identification of major programs: Name of Federal Program or Cluster CFDA Number(s) Airport Improvement Program 20.106 Dollar threshold used to distinguish \$300,000 between type A and type B programs:

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

No

X

Yes

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

Findings Relating to the Financial Statements

There were no findings relating to the financial statements which were required to be reported in accordance with GAGAS.

Findings and Questioned Cost for Federal Awards

There were no findings and questioned cost for Federal award which we are required to report under §___.510(a)

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

There are no audit findings of Friedman Memorial Airport Authority which were reported for the year ended September 30, 2012.